Chemical vs. Physical layers of the earth.

**Physical Properties:** Whether the material in each layer is solid and rigid or liquid and fluid.

**Chemical Composition**: Type of rocks and density of material in each layer.

**DENSITY** and **PRESSURE** increase towards the core.

**LITHOSPHERE**

-The rigid outermost part of the earth

-Made of the crust and upper mantle

**CRUST**

- composed of oxygen, silicon, and

aluminum

-least dense layer

– Temps vary, however, the further you dig down the hotter it gets



**ASTHENOSPHERE**

-The ‘plastic’ rock layer of the mantle (weak and soft mantle)

-Lithospheric plates move on convection currents

**OUTER CORE**

- Liquid layer

**INNER CORE**

-The inner layer of the earth

- Most dense solid layer

**CORE**

- most dense layer

- composed or iron and nickel

-Temps between 3,500ºF – 4,300ºF

**MANTLE**

- largest layer

- convection currents happen in the upper part of the mantle

- more dense than crust, but less dense than the core

- composed of more magnesium and less aluminum and silicon

-Temps between 680ºF -4,,532ºF

**MESOSPHERE**

-The strong, lower part of the mantle

- less fluid /semi-solid